

Westchester County Coordinated Entry System Policy Manual

December 11

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This document contains all of the written policies and procedures of the Westchester County Continuum of Care Partnership for the Homeless created in compliance with the provisions set forth by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development interim rule 24 CFR 578.7(a)(8) requiring all CoCs to establish a Coordinated Entry System.

Approved by CoC Board
September 20, 2017

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Inclusivity of subpopulations

All subpopulations including chronically homeless individuals and families, Veterans, youth, persons and households fleeing domestic violence, transgendered persons, and refugees and new immigrants must be provided equal access to CoC crisis response services regardless of the characteristics and attributes of their specific subpopulations.

A1. Develop plan for access to Coordinated Entry by all homeless and imminently homeless

Homeless households: Currently homeless households can access WCCEP through any of the access points listed below in Sections B6 and B8.

Imminently homeless households: Imminently homeless people, *i.e.* those facing imminent eviction from their home, can access Coordinated Entry through any of Westchester’s four district offices of the Westchester County Department of Social Services (DSS). This is the first stop for anyone requesting homelessness prevention services including cash assistance for rent arrears and short-term rental assistance. Other agencies countywide know that when they encounter people facing imminent eviction they should send them immediately to DSS for an emergency assistance eligibility determination. DSS caseworkers will determine whether the person is eligible for emergency rent arrears payments and/or services from DSS in accordance with state and local regulations.

If DSS cannot provide sufficient emergency rent arrears assistance to avert the eviction, the DSS caseworker will give the customer a “letter of denial” stating the reason for the denial. All other eviction prevention agencies in Westchester, including ESG-funded and non-ESG-funded programs, require that clients have this letter of denial before the agency will provide homelessness prevention services.

When DSS gives a denial letter to a customer who has requested homelessness prevention services, it also gives the customer a listing of all the eviction prevention agencies in Westchester. Westchester typically has 8-10 private agencies that provide emergency rent arrears assistance, including many funded with ESG through either the City of Yonkers or New York State. These private agencies are conveniently located in major cities throughout the county. This group includes programs funded by ESG and programs that are not.

Customers are free to request assistance from any of these programs. Customers usually choose which agency to contact based on geographic proximity or familiarity with the agency. If the agency they contact temporarily has no funding for rent arrears or other homelessness prevention services, the agency will refer them to another agency that does.

When an agency determines that it will provide cash assistance, it typically needs to pool together funding from several different agencies to meet the customer’s needs. The agencies coordinate with each other to make this process as seamless as possible for the customer.

A2. Advertising Plan for Coordinated Entry

Information about accessing housing resources for people experiencing homelessness in the shelters and on the streets of our CoC's geographic area will be disseminated to the public. All advertisement will be in accordance with the Marketing and Non-discrimination Policies set forth in this document and HUD Coordinated Entry Notice Section II.B.5.

The advertising plan will include:

- An information sheet to be given to each person upon their initial contact with a access point which includes an announcement of the Coordinated Entry System to access housing, a brief description of the opportunity available through the system as well as what data is required for eligibility.
 - The information sheet will continue to be publicly available at all physical points of entry.
- An announcement notice will be posted at every physical access point indicating that an information sheet is available for further details.
- A link to an online version of the information sheet will be provided on the Westchester County website(s) which include information specific to homeless services, including but not limited to the Department of Social Services, Department of Community Mental Health, Office for People with Disabilities, Department of Health and the Office for Women. All CoC partnership organizations providing services to people experiencing homelessness will be asked to place a link to the information sheet on their websites as well.
- The 211 information number for Westchester County services which is administered by The United Way will have a script for all personnel to advise any member of the public who calls regarding homelessness of the opportunity. A link to the information sheet will be displayed on the United Way website.
- The Office of the County Executive will issue a press release which will include the information sheet to all local media outlets.
- Our CoC will apply for funding for an Out-of-Home media campaign to be run on all county owned media including but not limited to bus posters, transit shelters, the digital billboard outside of the Westchester County Center and other signage as available.

A4 - Coordinated Entry for Survivors of Domestic Violence and Human Trafficking

Victim services providers are prohibited from entering customers residing in DV emergency shelters or receiving other victim specific services into HMIS. In order for these individuals to access housing available through Coordinated Entry, the victim service provider agencies (including DV emergency shelter providers, the Westchester County Office for Women, and the DSS DV Liaisons) will assess customers using the VI-SPDAT.

Customers with VI-SPDAT scores of 4-7 (4-8 for families) will be referred to the Coordinated Entry Administrator for prioritization into Rapid Rehousing. Customers with a disabling condition (see Glossary for definition) will be referred to the Coordinated Entry Administrator for prioritization into Permanent Supportive Housing.

Customers referred in this manner will be managed through the standard Westchester County Coordinated Entry process for assessing need and prioritization for placement into housing.

In addition, during enrolment customers will be asked (e.g. HMIS Data element 4.11.2B or similar by agencies not using HMIS) whether they are fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence or human trafficking. If the customer answers yes, the customer's level of danger from domestic violence will be assessed using a standardized danger assessment tool.

The tool used will be the evidence-based Danger Assessment tool developed by Jacquelyn Campbell, PhD of Johns Hopkins University. The WCCEP's choice of a standardized tool can be changed when needed to a different objective assessment tool recommended by the Director of the Westchester County Office for Women, with input from local domestic violence service providers, and approved by the Westchester CoC's board of directors.

Rapid Rehousing: In cases where customers are being prioritized for Rapid Rehousing and were assessed as being in Extreme Danger or Severe Danger using the danger assessment tool, the Westchester Coordinated Entry will use the Danger Assessment Scoring result *in place of* the VI-SPDAT in order to assess severity of need.

Permanent Supportive Housing: In cases where customers are being prioritized for Permanent Supportive Housing and were assessed as being in Extreme Danger or Severe Danger using the danger assessment tool, the Westchester Coordinated Entry will use the Danger Assessment Scoring result *in place of* the VI-SPDAT in order to assess severity of need.

A6. ESG Coordination

The WC CoC requires that ESG-program funded projects located within the Geographic Boundaries of Westchester County CoC use the Coordinated Entry process for referrals and enrollments; ESG Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing projects accepting referrals from other sources is prohibited.

ESG-funded Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing

Persons requiring services provided by ESG projects within the WC CoC will be able to seek assistance through the set of Coordinated Entry access points available throughout Westchester. Persons seeking assistance will be screened, assessed and then prioritized and referred to appropriate housing projects through the WC Coordinated Entry Process.

Available ESG Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing resources will be tracked by Westchester Coordinated Entry. The precise criteria for prioritization and selection of potential participants to specific ESG projects by WC Coordinated Entry will depend on the ESG Component of the project. ESG projects will use the same prioritization order as that used for other projects of the same type, and will draw from the same by-name list of prioritized potential participants. Referrals by WC Coordinated Entry to ESG projects will be made consistent with the goals of, and any identified target populations served by the project.

The WC CoC Written Standards created for the prioritization order for Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing are consistent with HUD regulations for administering ESG grants.

ESG-funded Street Outreach and Emergency Shelter

Street Outreach and Emergency Shelter projects funded with ESG will not use Coordinated Entry to locate, enroll, and serve clients. Consistent with HUD guidelines, access to all emergency services located within the CoC (including Street Outreach and Emergency Shelter) will not be prioritized based on severity of need or vulnerability allowing for immediate response.

However, all Street Outreach and Emergency Shelter projects funded with ESG will be required to act as access points, and refer participants to Coordinated Entry for screening, assessment, prioritization, and referral to appropriate housing.

B1 & B2. Marketing Policy & Access

Information about accessing housing resources for people experiencing homelessness in the shelters and on the streets of our CoC's geographic area will be disseminated to the public. All people experiencing homelessness will have fair and equal access to the coordinated entry process, regardless of the location or method by which they access the system. Information will be made available through the Advertising Plan set forth in this document.

All people in different populations and subpopulations in the CoC's geographic area, including people experiencing chronic homelessness, veterans, families with children, youth, and survivors of domestic violence, have fair and equal access to the coordinated entry process, regardless of the location or method by which they access the system.

Information will be made available to individuals with disabilities through partnership with the Westchester County Office for People with Disabilities, the Office for the Aging and Disabled on the Move; as well as other advocacy groups for each protected class. Auxiliary aids and services will be provided where necessary to ensure effective communication. This includes ensuring that information is provided in appropriate accessible format as needed, including Braille, audio, large type, assistive listening devices, and sign language interpreters. Access points which are physical locations will be accessible to those who use wheelchairs, as well as people in the CoC geographic area who are least likely to access homeless assistance.

All written materials will be available in both English and Spanish. Persons with Limited English Proficiency (LEP) will be provided with language interpretation services through our CoC member organization, the Westchester County Department of Social Services.

B3 - Non-Discrimination Policy

Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program (WCCEP) must comply with the nondiscrimination provisions of Federal civil rights laws, including, but not limited to, the Fair Housing Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, The HUD Equal Access to Housing Final Rule, and Titles II or III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, as applicable. For example, while it is acceptable to prioritize based on level of need for the type of assistance being offered, prioritizing based on specific disabilities would not be consistent with fair housing requirements or program regulations.

Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program (WCCEP) takes all necessary steps to ensure that the Coordinated Entry Program is administered in accordance with the Fair Housing Act by promoting housing that is accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. The Coordinated Entry System complies with the nondiscrimination requirements of the Fair Housing Act, which prohibits discrimination in all housing transactions on the basis of race, national origin, sex, color, religion, disability status and familial status. This also includes protection from housing discrimination based on source of income. Additional protected classes under state law include sexual orientation (including gender identity), marital status, military discharge status, age (40+). Agencies cannot preference any protected class unless allowed by statute/regulation, or written waiver from their funding or regulatory body (i.e. U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development). All Participating Partner Agencies who are participating in the Coordinated Entry System agree to take full accountability for complying with Fair Housing and all other funding and program requirements. The Partner Agencies are required to use the Coordinated Entry System in a consistent manner with the statutes and regulations that govern their housing programs. WCCEP will request from each participating Partner Agency their tenant selection plan and any funding contract that requires or allows a specific subpopulation of persons to be served. For instance, Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) programs will show funding contract, a single-gender program must produce its HUD waiver. It is further recognized that the Fair Housing Act recognizes that a housing provider may seek to fulfill its "business necessity" by narrowing focus on a subpopulation within the homeless population. The Coordinated Entry System may allow filtered searches for subpopulations while preventing discrimination against protected classes.

No customer may be turned away from coordinated entry vacancies due to lack of income, lack of employment, disability status, domestic violence status, or substance abuse unless local government jurisdiction requires the exclusion. (e.g., if customer is a registered sex offender and under parole or probation supervision, other state, city, town or village laws may limit the offender from living within 1,000 feet of a school, facility caring for children or public playground meant for children.) This does not exclude a customer from participation in

coordinated entry; however customer may need to wait until appropriate permanent housing becomes available without violating parole or probation.

WCCEP will promote a low barrier and housing first approach in filling and monitoring vacancies within and outside the CoC. Housing first is a strategy that provides immediate housing to individuals and families experiencing homelessness without requiring participation in psychiatric treatment, treatment for sobriety or other service participation requirements.

B8- Accessing Coordinated Entry:

Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program (WCCEP) provides universal services to all people who are experiencing homelessness throughout Westchester County.

Being homeless means you are:

- Living and sleeping outside or in places not meant for human habitation,
- Fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence
- Staying in an emergency shelter or transitional housing, or
- Exiting an institution where you stayed for up to 90 days and were homeless before entering that institution.

Because of the diversity and size of Westchester County, access to the WCCEP follows a “No Wrong Door” approach. The principles of this approach are:

- A customer can seek housing assistance through any of the participating homeless services providers and will receive integrated services;
- Customer should have equal access to information and advice about the housing assistance for which they are eligible in order to assist them in making informed choices about available services that best meet their needs;
- Participating providers have a responsibility to respond to the range of customer needs and act as the primary contact for a customer who is applying for housing while residing in their shelter beds unless or until another provider assumes that role;
- Participating providers will provide a proactive service that facilitates the customer applying for assistance or accessing services from another provider regardless of whether the original provider delivers the specific housing services required by a presenting customer; and
- Participating housing providers will work collaboratively to achieve responsive and streamlined access to services and cooperate to use available resources to achieve the best possible housing outcomes for a customer, particularly for those with high, complex or urgent needs.

The coordinated entry system will include multiple sites where a customer can walk in and be linked to a coordinated entry assessor. Each access point in the coordinated entry program will perform a standardized assessment to determine the best resources for their specific needs.

Access Points During Normal Business Hours:

<u>Access Point</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Hours of Operation</u>
Westchester County DSS Yonkers District Office	131 Warburton Ave., Yonkers, NY 10701 914-995-3333	8:30 am – 5:00 pm
Westchester County DSS Mount Vernon District Office	100 East First St., Mount Vernon, NY 10550 914-995-3333	8:30 am – 5:00 pm
Westchester County DSS White Plains District Office	85 Court St., White Plains, NY 10601 914-995-3333	8:30 am- 5:00 pm
Westchester County DSS Peekskill District Office	750 Washington St., Peekskill, NY 10566 914-995-3333	9:00 am – 5:00pm
The Sharing Community	One Hudson St, Yonkers, NY 10701 914-963-2626	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Samaritan House	33 Church St., White Plains, NY 10601 914-948-3075	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Open Arms Shelter	86 East Post Rd., White Plains, NY 10601 914-948-5044	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Grasslands Homeless Shelter	25 Operations Dr., Valhalla, NY 10595 914-231-4213	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Jan Peek House Shelter	200 North Water St., Peekskill, NY 10566 914-736-2636	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Providence House	89 Sickles Ave., New Rochelle, NY 10801 914-632-4177	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Mt. Vernon Westhelp	240 Franklin Ave., Mt. Vernon, NY 10553 914-665-3626	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Coachman Family Center	123 E. Post Rd., White Plains, NY 10601 914-949-1000	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Vernon Plaza	175. Second Ave. Mt. Vernon, NY 10550	9:00 am- 5:00 pm
Children’s Village (Youth)	1 Echo Hills , Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522, Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522 914-693-0600	24 hours 7 days a week

B6 - In addition to the access points run by the agencies detailed above, the coordinated entry system will also rely on the services provided by emergency drop in shelters and street outreach providers after normal business hours. Individuals and families who present at emergency shelters or who are found via street outreach will access the coordinated entry system through these access points.

Access Points after Normal Business Hours for Singles:

<u>Access Point</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Hours of Operations</u>
Samaritan House Drop In	33 Church St., White Plains, NY 10601 914-948-3075	24 hours 7 days a week
Oasis Drop In	19 Washington Ave., New Rochelle, NY 10801 914-633-0101	24 hours 7 days a week
Jan Peek Drop In	200 North Water St., Peekskill, NY 10566 914-736-2636	24 hours 7 days a week
Open Arms Drop In	86 East Post Rd., White Plains, NY 10601 914-948-5044	24 hours 7 days a week
Sharing Community Drop In	One Hudson St, Yonkers, NY 10701 914-963-2626	24 hours 7 days a week
Broadway Manor Drop In	101 N. Broadway, Yonkers, NY 10701 914-476-4864	24 hours 7 days a week
Children’s Village (Youth) Sanctuary	1 Echo Hills, Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522, Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522 Emergency Hotline 888-997-1583 or 914-593-0667	24 hours 7 days a week
Street Outreach	7 participating organizations	No dedicated Assessment Hours

Street Outreach workers will administer Coordinated Entry survey tools to assess those homeless living in places not meant for human habitation, and enter those participants into HMIS for prioritization, using the same tools and processes utilized by DSS and Emergency Shelter personnel at other access points.

Families seeking shelter after hours or during weekends should contact DSS Emergency Services at (914)995-2099. Once formally placed, families will be assessed at the facility (Coachman Family Center).

C1 and C6 - Standardized Assessment Process:

To ensure accessibility to households in need, the Westchester County Coordinated Entry Process provides access to services from multiple, convenient physical locations. Customers in need may initiate a request for services in person through any of these designated access points, including contact with street outreach workers for persons living in places not meant for human habitation.

Westchester County Coordinated Entry Process will offer the same assessment approach at all access points and all access points will be usable by all people who may be experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness.

The assessment process does not require disclosure of specific disabilities or diagnosis. Specific diagnosis or disability information is obtained only for purposes of determining program eligibility to make appropriate referrals.

The Assessment Process will consist of the following steps

- 1) Access Point staff will obtain a Release of Information (ROI) from customers
- 2) Access Point staff will complete an Entry assessment of the customers in HMIS, collecting all related data elements for every member of the household including HMIS Universal Data elements; disability information; domestic violence history; financial assessments, including cash income and non-cash benefits; and veteran details. The customers will be enrolled in both the access point's HMIS project (emergency shelter, street outreach) and the Coordinated Entry HMIS project.
- 3) Access Point staff will complete the appropriate VI-SPDAT Assessment in HMIS for the customers.
- 4) Where possible, Access Point staff will assess the customers for Chronic Homelessness. Access Point staff will upload documentation of Chronic Homelessness for individuals who are judged to meet the current HUD definition of Chronic Homelessness.
- 5) Access point staff will provide the customers will a Coordinated Entry *Receipt*, which indicates the enrollment date of the customers into Coordinated Entry, the HMIS Client ID of the head of household, and indicates what the customers can expect from Coordinated Entry as they are assessed, prioritized, and referred for housing.

Coordinated Entry staff will then use the data from all of the assessment steps in order to prioritize customers for housing and pull "housing matches" from HMIS that meet the needs of the person and, in order of priority, refer persons to appropriate housing.

Access Point agencies are required to designate specific staff as *Coordinated Entry Assessors* with the responsibility to carry out all of the steps in the assessment process.

Coordinated Entry Assessors' responsibilities include, but are not limited to the following:

- Operating as the initial contact for the Coordinated Entry Process
- Conducting HMIS Assessments, VI-SPDAT, and Chronic Homelessness assessments
- Collecting and uploading all documents available at assessment
- Notification to clients of Eligibility and Referral decisions made by Coordinated Entry Process staff
- Linking clients to the Permanent or Transitional Housing provider agency once a referral has been made by Coordinated Entry
- Participation in case conferences regarding agency clients currently on the Coordinated Entry prioritization lists
- Responding to requests by the Coordinated Entry staff

Coordinated Entry Assessors must attend training provided by the Westchester County CoC on the Westchester Coordinated Entry Process, HUD regulations, HMIS workflows, and the methods by which assessments are to be conducted with fidelity to the CoC's coordinated entry procedures. This training will be provided by the Westchester County CoC at least annually.

C2 - Coordinated Entry prohibits "screening people out":

Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program will promote a low barrier and housing first approach in filling coordinated entry vacancies. Housing first is a strategy that provides immediate housing to individuals and families experiencing homelessness without requiring participation in psychiatric treatment, treatment for sobriety or other service participation requirements. Once settled into permanent housing, customers will be offered a wide range of supportive services that will focus on helping them maintain their housing. Access to coordinated entry vacancies will be filled based on a prioritization list of eligible households (singles or families), rather than other methods such as "first come, first serve". Coordinated Entry supports this approach using a universal assessment tool (VI-SPDAT). It will work to connect households with the appropriate housing opportunity as well as necessary supportive services as quickly as possible. The goal is to link customers with the appropriate housing that will best serve their needs.

No customer may be turned away from coordinated entry monitored vacancies due to lack of income, lack of employment, disability status, domestic violence status, resistance to receiving services, type or extent of disability-related services needed, history of eviction, poor credit, criminal record, or substance abuse unless local government jurisdiction requires the exclusion. (e.g., if customer is a registered sex offender and under parole or probation supervision, other state, city, town or village laws may limit the offender from living within 1,000 feet of a school, facility caring for children or public playground meant for children.) This does not exclude a customer from participation in coordinated entry; however customer may need to wait until appropriate permanent housing becomes available without violating parole or probation.

(It must be noted, Coordinated Entry does not guarantee the customer will meet final eligibility requirements or receive a referral to a particular housing option, nor does it ensure availability of resources for all eligible households.)

C4 - Non-Discrimination Complaint:

Customers that believe that the Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program has failed to provide services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identify, sexual orientation, age, familial status, or disability, you can file a grievance with:

Westchester County Civil Rights Coordinator, 148 Martine Avenue, 9th floor, White Plains, New York 10601, (914) 995-2127, Fax 914-813-4350, WC_CRC@westchestergov.com. You can file a grievance in person or by mail, fax, or email. If you need help filing a grievance, the Westchester County Civil Rights Coordinator is available to help you. You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at <https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf>, or by mail or phone at: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue, SW Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, D.C. 20201, 1-800-368-1019, 800-537-7697 (TDD). Complaint forms are available at <http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html>. ATTENTION: Language assistance services, free of charge, are available to you. Call 914-995-2127. ATENCIÓN: si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 914-995-2127.

D1. Prioritization methodology for homeless housing

A. Prioritizing Permanent Supportive Housing

On 7/25/16 HUD published rules¹ in Notice CPD 16-11 detailing how local Continuums of Care (CoCs) must prioritize Chronically and non-Chronically homeless people into CoC-funded Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)². The Westchester CoC Board adopted the order of priority described in Notice CPD 16-11 on 08/02/17.

The following details implementation of the HUD order of priority for Westchester County CoC:

1) When Chronically Homeless individuals or families are located within the geographic area of the CoC, Westchester County CoC will place individuals in **PSH units dedicated or prioritized for persons experiencing chronic homelessness** in the following order:

1. CH individuals and families who match the goals and any identified target populations served by the project with the most severe needs.
2. CH individuals and families who match the goals and any identified target populations served by the project who have been homeless in emergency shelters or places not meant for human habitation for the longest amount of time.

2) Westchester County CoC will place individuals in **PSH units not dedicated or not prioritized for persons experiencing chronic homelessness** in the following order; in addition, Westchester County CoC will place individuals in **PSH units dedicated or prioritized for persons experiencing chronic homelessness** when there are no CH individuals and families who match the goals and any identified target populations served by the project in the following order:

1. Homeless individuals and families with a disability who have been homeless for more than 365 days and with the most severe needs (and then for the longest amount of time).
2. Homeless individuals and families with a disability who have been homeless for less than 365 days and with the most severe needs (and then for the longest amount of time).
3. Homeless individuals and families with a disability coming from emergency shelters or places not meant for human habitation.
4. Homeless individuals and families with a disability coming from transitional housing.

Severity of need must be determined using CoC-wide objective assessment tools, adjusted when necessary by well-documented and fairly applied professional judgment. Westchester

¹ <https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/notice-cpd-16-11-prioritizing-persons-experiencing-chronic-homelessness-and-other-vulnerable-homeless-persons-in-psh.pdf>

² Note: only individuals and families with disabilities can be placed in CoC-funded PSH.

CoC currently uses VI-SPDAT score to assess severity of need.

The CoC is dedicated to eradicating veteran homelessness and Chronic Homelessness. First priority within all categories above will be veterans. Essentially, this means that if two households present for assistance and both fall under the same order of priority (e.g. both chronically homeless with the same VI-SPDAT score and length of time homeless), but one is a veteran household and the other is not, the veteran household should be prioritized first. In general, the CoC will prioritize any veteran households who are not eligible for VA housing or services by targeting those Veterans to the most appropriate CoC-funded projects.

Westchester County will prioritize otherwise eligible households in a nondiscriminatory manner. Program implementation, including any prioritization policies, will be implemented consistent with the nondiscrimination provisions of the Federal civil rights laws, including, but not limited to the Fair Housing Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, and Title II or III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, as applicable. For example, while it is acceptable to prioritize based on level of need for the type of assistance being offered, prioritizing based on specific disabilities would not be consistent with fair housing requirements or program regulations.

HUD notice 14-012 sets "Recordkeeping Requirements for Documenting Chronic Homeless Status." HUD stated that this notice "establishes recordkeeping requirements for all recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH that are required to document a program participant's status as chronically homeless as defined in 24 CFR 578.3 and in accordance with 24 CFR 578.103.

Per the Emergency Transfer Plan adopted by the Westchester County CoC, priority will be given to current PSH participants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who request an emergency transfer from the tenant's current unit to another unit if the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant remains within the same unit or if the tenant is a victim of sexual assault, the tenant may also be eligible to transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises within the 90-calendar-day period preceding a request for an emergency transfer.

Where it is impossible or unsafe to transfer these participants to a new unit in the current PSH project, emergency transfers will be prioritized over all other referrals, and will receive the next available bed placement for which they match the goals and any identified target populations served by the new PSH project.

B. Prioritizing Rapid Rehousing

Recently, HUD provided guidance for rapid rehousing in terms of prioritizing subpopulations. HUD noted in a SNAPS In Focus: Rapid Re-Housing As a Model and Best Practice, August 6, 2014, that:

"Rapid re-housing can be effective for many populations, such as families with

children, youth aging out of foster care, domestic violence survivors, single adults, and veterans, but should be targeted to those households that would not be able to get out of homelessness without the assistance. It is particularly a key strategy for achieving the Opening Doors goal of ending family, youth, and child homelessness by 2020.

Rapid re-housing should prioritize people with more challenges, including those with no income, poor employment prospects, troubled rental histories, and criminal records. Providers should link participants with community resources that will help them achieve longer-term stability and well-being. Now is the time for communities to be working together to establish written standards for administering rapid re-housing and thinking strategically about how this type of assistance will be used most effectively within the CoC.”

Recently, HUD also noted on www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/Rapid-Re-Housing-Brief.pdf that:

“Rapid re-housing is an effective intervention for many different types of households experiencing homelessness, including those with no income, with disabilities, and with poor rental history. The majority of households experiencing homelessness are good candidates for rapid re-housing. The only exceptions are households that can exit homelessness with little or no assistance, those who experience chronic homelessness and who need permanent supportive housing, and households who are seeking a therapeutic residential environment, including those recovering from addiction.”

According to OrgCode, Rapid Re-Housing Projects should prioritize households with a VI-SPDAT score of at least 4. Rapid Re-Housing is usually the most appropriate intervention for Individuals that score between a 4 and 7 and for families that score between a 4 and 8.

Thus, the Westchester County CoC will prioritize individuals and families for Rapid Re-housing in the following order:

1. Homeless individuals and families with a VI-SPDAT score between 4 and 7 (or 8 for families) that have the most severe needs.
2. Homeless individuals and families with a VI-SPDAT score between 4 and 7 (or 8 for families) that have been homeless for the longest amount of time.
3. Homeless individuals and families with a VI-SPDAT score between 4 and 7 (or 8 for families) within the following subpopulations: families with children, youth ages 18-24, domestic violence survivors, and veterans.

4. Homeless individuals and families with a VI-SPDAT score below 4 or above 7 (or above 8 for families) that otherwise meet the eligibility criteria, and who are not appropriate for Permanent Supportive Housing, that have the most severe needs.

Clients that can exit homelessness with little or no assistance, those who experience chronic homelessness and who need permanent supportive housing, and households who are seeking a therapeutic residential environment, including those recovering from addiction will not be prioritized for Rapid Re-housing.

Per the Emergency Transfer Plan adopted by the Westchester County CoC, priority will be given to current Rapid Re-housing participants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who request an emergency transfer from the tenant's current unit to another unit if the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant remains within the same unit or if the tenant is a victim of sexual assault, the tenant may also be eligible to transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises within the 90-calendar-day period preceding a request for an emergency transfer.

Where it is impossible or unsafe to transfer these participants to a new unit in the current Rapid Re-housing project, emergency transfers will be prioritized over all other referrals, and will receive the next available bed placement for which they match the goals and any identified target populations served by the new Rapid Re-housing project.

C. Prioritizing Transitional Housing

Westchester County CoC will prioritize individuals and families for Transitional Housing in the following order:

1. Homeless individuals and families within the following subpopulations:
 - families with children,
 - youth ages 18-24,
 - domestic violence survivors,
 - veterans,
 - households with severe service needs that threaten their immediate health or safety and who cannot safely live in an independent living environment but for whom institutional recovery or treatment services are not desired or available.
2. Homeless individuals and families that have been homeless for the longest amount of time.

All chronically homeless individuals and families will not be served through transitional housing.⁴ Such households will be served by permanent supportive housing through a

Housing First approach.

D2. Distinguish how prioritization is separate from eligibility determination.

Prioritization is the process by which households seeking homeless services and housing are selected based on based on severity of need or vulnerability and length of time homeless.

When a services or housing in CoC, ESG, or locally-funded housing covered by Coordinated Entry, becomes available, Coordinated Entry selects the highest ranking (i.e. highest need and length of time homeless) appropriate customer for that project.

Highest ranking customer will be identified by Coordinated Entry staff using prioritization lists maintained and sorted within HMIS following prioritization criteria established above.

However, the nominally highest ranking customer may not be appropriate or eligible for the specific project where an opening is available. The customer who is actually referred will be the highest ranking customer who **also** meets the eligibility criteria, target population, and identified goals of the specific project.

When a customer with a high ranking on the Coordinated Entry prioritization lists is not selected for a specific opening because they are not eligible for that project – and an eligible customer with a lower ranking is selected instead – the higher-ranking customer retains their place on the prioritization lists and will be selected for the next opening for which they meet the eligibility criteria.

Per the Emergency Transfer Plan adopted by the Westchester County CoC, priority will be given to current Transitional Housing participants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who request an emergency transfer from the tenant's current unit to another unit if the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant remains within the same unit or if the tenant is a victim of sexual assault, the tenant may also be eligible to transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises within the 90-calendar-day period preceding a request for an emergency transfer.

Where it is impossible or unsafe to transfer these participants to a new unit in the current Transitional Housing project, emergency transfers will be prioritized over all other referrals, and will receive the next available bed placement for which they match the goals and any identified target populations served by the new Transitional Housing project.

D3 – Emergency Services not covered by Coordinated Entry:

Consistent with HUD guidelines, access to all emergency services located in the Westchester Continuum of Care (including street outreach and emergency shelter) will not be prioritized based on severity of need or vulnerability, allowing for immediate response.

Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program therefore does not delay access to emergency services such as emergency shelters. Access to Emergency services not covered by WCCEP will continue to operate as follows: Customer's seeking placement in emergency shelters during normal business hours should go directly to a Department of Social Services district office. Singles seeking shelter after hours can utilize any one of our drop in shelters. Families seeking shelter after hours should continue to contact DSS Emergency Services at (914) 995-2099. Youth should contact the Children's Village Emergency Hotline at 888-997-1583. Victims of domestic violence should call 1-800-942-6206 (English speaking) or 1-800-942-6908 (Spanish speaking).

C5:

The Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program (WCCEP) is person centered and based on customer choice. Customers have the right to decide what information they provide during the assessment process, to refuse to answer assessment questions and to refuse housing and services options without retribution or limiting their access to other form of assistance.

D4 Remaining on the Prioritization List

The Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program (WCCEP) is person centered and based on customer choice. Individuals and households have the right to refuse any housing resource that is offered to them. Refusing a housing resource does not impact eligibility for future referrals, however it must be explained that a particular resource may no longer be available in the future. There will not be a limit to the amount of times a referred individual/family can refuse a referral. All refusals must be documented in HMIS noting the reason for the refusal.

While providers are expected to make every effort to engage individuals and families, housing units may not stay vacant longer than needed. Providers trying to contact an individual or household for a specific resource that have not been able to make contact after 3 attempts within a 2 week span, may move on to the next prioritized individual or household on the list who meets the project's specific eligibility criteria, target population, and identified goals.

The original individual/household with whom contact was not established will remain on the prioritization list. Providers will attempt to contact the household every 2 weeks as long as a resource is available. Contact attempts must be documented in HMIS.

Upon referral, customers will receive clear information from the Provider about the project they have been referred to. Once contacted, customers has 10 days to decide whether or not to accept referral.

Individuals or households may be removed from the prioritization list if no contact has been made after 90 days. If an individual or family makes contact after the 90 days, a new assessment will be completed and, based on their new VI-SPDAT score, will be placed back on the prioritization list for an appropriate housing referral.

Referral Rejection Policy

Both providers and program participants (customer's) may deny or reject referrals, although service denials should be infrequent and must be documented in HMIS noting the reason for the rejection. All participating projects and customers must provide the reason for denial/rejection, and may be subject to a limit on number of service denials/rejections. At a minimum, a project's referral rejection/denial reasons must include the following:

- Customer /household refused further participation (or client moved out of CoC area)
- Customer/household does not meet required criteria for program eligibility
- Customer/household unresponsive to multiple communication attempts
- Customer resolved crisis without assistance
- Customer /household safety concerns - The customer's/household's health or well-being or the safety of current program participants would be negatively impacted due to staffing, location, or other programmatic issues
- Customer /household needs cannot be addressed by the program. The program does not offer the services and/or housing supports necessary to successfully serve the household.
- Program at capacity at time of referral
- Property management denial (include specific reason cited by property manager)
- Conflict of interest

D5. Written policies for prioritization into covered homelessness prevention services

DSS gives the list of other agencies that provide homelessness prevention services to all customers who request eviction prevention that DSS cannot provide. DSS encourage customers to contact one of these agencies quickly. All of the eviction prevention programs participating in the WCCEP accept referrals for intake evaluation.

If the private agency is temporarily out of funding for homelessness prevention services, it will refer the customer to another agency in the network that does have funding. That agency typically then becomes the lead agency for the customer. The lead agency then evaluates the customer's appropriateness for program intake and financial assistance based on their need and whether they will be able to pay their rent going forward.

If it is determined that ESG funding will be utilized to assist the customer, the intake worker will enter the customer into the WCCEP. WCCEP will prioritize ESG Homeless Prevention assistance based on the number of days to imminent eviction.

E1 – Uniform Referral Process

Coordinated Entry Administrator (CEA) will generate a prioritized list daily.

Bed/unit availability will be updated weekly.

	Step	Timeliness Standard
Step 1	<p>Highest ranking customer will be identified by Coordinated Entry staff using prioritization lists maintained and sorted within HMIS following established prioritization criteria.</p> <p>As beds/units in CoC, ESG, or locally-funded housing covered by Coordinated Entry become available, CEA will identify the highest ranking customer for that project type (PSH, RRH, or TH) that meets the eligibility criteria, target population, and identified goals of the project.</p>	Immediately upon availability; bed/unit availability will be updated weekly
Step 2	CEA will refer customer and all contact information to project case manager (Provider).	1 business day
Step 3	Project case manager (Provider) attempts to make contact with customer, referral source and any other identified supports as appropriate, working with the <i>Coordinated Entry Assessor</i> at the customer's current site, to ensure customer has all possible eligibility documentation in place.	Provider must make 3 attempts within a 2 week period (attempts must be documented in HMIS)
Step 4	If Provider is unable to locate customer, Provider will contact CEA for next highest ranking appropriate customer.	After 3 unsuccessful documented attempts with a 2 week period
	If Provider does not make 3 documented attempts within 2 weeks to contact then CEA will conference with the Provider. Providers are not allowed to screen potential participants out for assistance based on perceived barriers related to housing or services.	15 days after referral is passed to Provider
	Provider may justify rejecting referral using Agency Referral Denial form process. The only acceptable criteria for rejecting referrals are listed on the Agency Referral Denial Form. Customers rejected by a Provider for acceptable criteria are immediately referred to the next available bed for that project type (PSH, RRH, or TH) for which they meet the eligibility criteria, target population, and identified goals of the project.	

Step 5	Upon referral, customers receive clear information from the Provider about the project they have been referred to, what participants can expect from the project, and expectations of the project. Once contacted, customer decides whether or not to accept referral.	10 business days
Step 6	If referral is declined, Provider submits Customer Referral Denial form to CEA which prompts referral for next highest ranking appropriate customer (refer back to Step 3).	Immediately
Step 7	If referral is accepted, Provider schedules an appointment with the customer for intake/application process.	3 business days
Step 8	Provider works with the Customer (and with the <i>Coordinated Entry Assessor</i> at the customer's current site) to obtain any outstanding documentation.	10 business days
Step 9	[May be concurrent with Step 8] Provider works with customer to locate suitable housing, and arrange move in.	30 business days
Step 10	Provider records project entry in HMIS and contacts CEA of move in.	24 hours after move in
Step 11	CEA exits customer from Coordinated Entry in HMIS.	48 Hours after move in

E2 – Eligibility Requirements – see appendix

E3. Referral

The WC CoC requires that all CoC- and ESG-program recipients and sub-recipients use the established and Board-approved WCCEP process for referral. This process establishes the WCCEP as the ONLY referral source from which to consider filling vacancies in housing and/or services funded by the CoC and ESG programs. This requirement is included in the WC CoC Site Visit Checklist for all CoC and ESG-funded agencies and will be reviewed during monitoring visits.

Accepting referrals from other sources is prohibited and doing so will jeopardize the recipient and/or sub-recipient's standing as a member agency of the CoC, which could impact funding opportunities.

E4 Non Discrimination & Referral Process

The Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program (WCCEP) complies with the non-discrimination requirements of the Fair Housing Act, which prohibits discrimination in all housing transactions on the basis of race, national origin, sex, color, religion, disability status and familial status. This also includes protection from housing discrimination based on source of income. Additional protected classes under state law include sexual orientation (including gender identity), marital status, military discharge status, age (40+). Agencies cannot give preference to any protected class unless allowed by statute/regulation, or written waiver from their funding or regulatory body (i.e. U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development). All Providers who are participating in the WCCEP agree to accept full accountability for complying with Fair Housing and all other funding and program requirements. Providers are to use the Coordinated Entry Process according to the status and regulations that govern their housing programs. The Westchester County CoC in accordance with the Fair Housing Act also recognizes that a housing provider may seek to fulfill its "Business necessity" by narrowing focus on a subpopulation within the homeless population. The Coordinated Entry Process may allow filtered searches for subpopulations while preventing discrimination against protected classes.

F. Data Management

1. A Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) is a database used to record and track client-level information on the characteristics and service needs of homeless persons. The data collected is also used in aggregate form to obtain statistical information about the extent and nature of homelessness over time. This information can then be used for evaluation and planning purposes.

The Westchester County CoC's HMIS software provider works with the CoC's HMIS Administrator and HMIS Lead Agency to ensure that all required HUD Data and Technical Standards are included and kept up to date. The HMIS Administrator and Lead Agency, along with members of the CoC's Data and Systems subcommittee review activities and changes with the CoC Board.

The HMIS is utilized by the WCCEP to store and share, with client consent, demographic and service need data as well as information related to program usage and enrollments to streamline the housing process and more effectively match households with housing opportunities. The Westchester County CoC ensures that no client is denied service for failure to release information for sharing purposes or refusal to answer information questions not required for eligibility determination.

Access Point HMIS Users will use the HMIS, and in particular, the Coordinated Entry project in HMIS, as an assessment and communication platform, entering demographic and service needs information as well as noting follow-up information as needed. The WCCEP utilizes the HMIS as a prioritization and referral platform to housing and service providers, as well as a communication and tracking platform to ensure consistent follow-up is being conducted until such time that the household is housed.

The HMIS Lead Agency, with Board approval, maintains the data sharing and privacy policies of the CoC. All HMIS Participating Agencies must sign and submit an Agency Participation Agreement, which outlines the responsibilities of the participating agency and the HMIS Lead Agency in terms of privacy, confidentiality, security, training, program configuration, data quality and monitoring. **See appendix for all forms used by the CoC that relate to HMIS use.**

G1 & G2. Evaluation

The CoC conducts annual site visits to each provider to evaluate CoC and ESG projects, including the quality and effectiveness of intake, assessment and referral processes. Visits include random chart review, client interview, HMIS audit & financial review. Participant eligibility following HUD regulations is reviewed carefully to ensure compliance, as well as bed utilization vs. HUD targets and Coordinated Entry procedures. This forum is also used to discuss, from the CoC- and provider perspective, the performance of the Coordinated Entry process. Audits on sub-recipients are completed by the responsible grant recipient; direct grant recipients are audited by the CoC co-chairs and/or their designee. Only those with oversight responsibilities have access to the client-level data associated with whatever project they are reviewing; any results shared with the CoC Board or the larger CoC membership are aggregate in nature.

Audit results are sent to the provider with a request for any needed corrective actions. When serious deficiencies are detected, technical assistance is provided and/or another site visit is conducted that may lead to disciplinary action. Audit results are used as part of the project ranking formula for the NOFA each year.

CoC Board meetings and other forums are used to review performance, disseminate new information about HUD policies and regulations, identify patterns of ineffectiveness and resolve any issues as they arise. For example, if similar findings are indicated during audit across a particular type of project, the CoC Board may mandate related training sessions for the staff of those projects to correct the finding.

Feedback on the performance of the Coordinated Entry process is also encouraged periodically at CoC Board meetings and committee meetings. CoC members are also invited to contact CoC co-chairs at any time with any specific issues/feedback they wish to provide.

An ad-hoc committee will be established annually to review the Coordinated Entry, taking feedback gained throughout the year to make recommendations to the CoC Board. The Coordinated Entry review committee will also design a survey instrument that will be distributed to all CoC stakeholders so that additional, targeted feedback may be gathered about the quality and effectiveness of coordinated entry intake, assessment and referral processes.

Once approved by the Board, CoC members will be alerted to any revisions made to the Coordinated Entry process.

Partner Agencies:

Bridge Fund

Children's Village

CHI (Community Housing Innovations)

CHOICE

CHOP

City of Mt. Vernon

City of Yonkers Planning

Cluster Community Services

CVR

Family Resource Center of Peekskill

Family Services of Westchester

Family Services Society of Yonkers

Greyston Health Services

Guidance Center of Westchester

Hope Community Services

Hope's Door

Human Development Services of Westchester

IFCA

Legal Services of the Hudson Valley

Lexington Center for Recovery

Lifting Up Westchester

Mental Health Association of Westchester

Montefiore Mount Vernon

Municipal Housing Authority of the City of Yonkers
My Sister's Place
Sharing Community
Southern Westchester BOCES
St. John's Riverside Hospital
Tarrytown YMCA
VA – Montrose
Victim's Assistance
Volunteers of America (VOA)
Westchester County Department of Health
Westchester County Veterans Services Agency
WestCOP
Westhab
Westchester County Department of Community Mental Health
Westchester County Department of Social Services
Westchester County Office for Women
Westchester Residential Opportunities
Yonkers YMCA
YWCA of Yonkers

Glossary of Terms

Access Points – Access points are the places—either virtual or physical—where an individual or family in need of assistance accesses the coordinated entry process.

Chronically Homeless -

(1) A “homeless individual with a disability,” who:

(i) Lives in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter; and

(ii) Has been homeless and living as described in paragraph (1)(i) of this definition continuously for at least 12 months or on at least 4 separate occasions in the last 3 years, as long as the combined occasions equal at least 12 months and each break in homelessness separating the occasions included at least 7 consecutive nights of not living as described in paragraph (1)(i). Stays in institutional care facilities for fewer than 90 days will not constitute as a break in homelessness, but rather such stays are included in the 12-month total, as long as the individual was living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or an emergency shelter immediately before entering the institutional care facility;

(2) An individual who has been residing in an institutional care facility, including a jail, substance abuse or mental health treatment facility, hospital, or other similar facility, for fewer than 90 days and met all of the criteria in paragraph (1) of this definition, before entering that facility; or

(3) A family with an adult head of household (or if there is no adult in the family, a minor head of household) who meets all of the criteria in paragraph (1) or (2) of this definition, including a family whose composition has fluctuated while the head of household has been homeless.

Continuum of Care (CoC) – a program designed to promote communitywide commitment to the goal of ending homelessness; provide funding for efforts by nonprofit providers, and State and local governments to quickly rehouse homeless individuals and families while minimizing the trauma and dislocation caused to homeless individuals, families, and communities by homelessness; promote access to and effect utilization of mainstream programs by homeless individuals and families; and optimize self-sufficiency among individuals and families experiencing homelessness.

Coordinated Entry – The process where any eligible household can complete an assessment to be prioritized for and then referred to homelessness assistance in Westchester County. The CoC Program interim rule at 24 CFR 578.3 defines centralized or coordinated assessment as the following: “a centralized or coordinated process designed to coordinate program participant intake assessment and provision of referrals. A centralized or coordinated assessment system

covers the geographic area, is easily accessed by individuals and families seeking housing or services, is well advertised, and includes a comprehensive and standardized assessment tool.”

Disabling Condition - A disabling condition is defined as “a diagnosable substance abuse disorder, a serious mental illness, developmental disability, or chronic physical illness or disability, including the co-occurrence of two or more of these conditions.” In addition, “this disability is expected to be long-continuing and of indefinite duration, and substantially impedes his/her ability to live independently. This disability could be improved by the provision of more suitable housing conditions.”

Diversión – is strategy that prevents homelessness for people seeking shelter by helping them identify immediate alternate housing arrangements and, if necessary, connecting them with services and financial assistance to help them return to permanent housing.

Eligible Household – Coordinated Entry serves all young adults, families, veteran and single adults who are literally homeless according the HUD definition of homelessness or fleeing/attempting to flee domestic violence and single young adults (ages 18-24) who are imminently at risk for homelessness with the next 14 days. See “Eligibility” section for details.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) - a program of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide emergency shelter to homeless individuals and families living on the street; rapidly re-house homeless individuals and families; and prevent individuals and families from becoming homeless.

HEARTH - The Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act of 2009 that includes Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) and Continuum of Care (CoC) grants.

HMIS (Homeless Management Information System) – a web-based software application designed to record and store person-level information regarding the service needs and history of households experiencing homelessness throughout the Continuum of Care jurisdiction, as mandated by HUD

Homeless - HUD defines the term “homeless” at 24 CFR 583.5 as (1) a person sleeping in a place not meant for human habitation (e.g. living on the streets) OR living in a homeless temporary shelter, OR (2) an individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence within the next 14 days with no subsequent housing identified, OR (3) families or youth under age 25 who meet other Federal definitions of homelessness, OR (4) a person fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence.

Housing First - Housing First is an approach to quickly and successfully connect individuals and families experiencing homelessness to permanent housing without preconditions and barriers to entry, such as sobriety, treatment or service participation requirements. Supportive services

are offered to maximize housing stability and prevent returns to homelessness as opposed to addressing predetermined treatment goals prior to permanent housing entry.

Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) – long term permanent housing in which supportive services are provided to assist homeless persons with a disability to live independently.

Prioritization - People experiencing (or at-risk of) homelessness will be prioritized in a transparent, consistent manner that takes into account the individual’s vulnerability and needs. Prioritization will be a transparent process for the benefit of both providers and those seeking assistance.

Provider - an organization that provides housing or services to people experiencing or at risk of homelessness

Rapid Re-Housing (RRH) – is an intervention designed to help individuals and families quickly exit homelessness and return to permanent housing.

Street Outreach - mobile assessors contact and engage homeless persons living on the streets, and connect them to housing and other community services. Outreach workers are trained in administering the VI-SPDAT assessment tool and enter those customers in HMIS for prioritization and housing referral through Coordinated Entry.

Transitional Housing (TH) – housing to facilitate the movement of individuals and families experiencing homelessness into permanent housing

VI-SPDAT - (Vulnerability Index - Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool) is a survey administered both to individuals and families to determine risk and prioritization when providing assistance to homeless and at-risk of homelessness persons.

Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program (WCCEP) Referral Denial Form (Agency)

This form should be completed by agencies, whenever they are denying a referral that has been made by a CES agency. Forms should be returned to the entity that is coordinating the local implementation of CES.

Date _____

Referral Date _____

Agency Name _____

Program name _____

Staff contact _____

Email _____

Phone _____

Client ID Number _____

Reason for denial (please circle one, and you must explain in detail below)

- Client/household refused further participation (or client moved out of CoC area)
- Client/household does not meet required criteria for program eligibility
- Client/household unresponsive to multiple communication attempts
- Client resolved crisis without assistance
- Client/household safety concerns. The client's/household's health or well-being or the safety of current program participants would be negatively impacted due to staffing, location, or other programmatic issues.
- Client/household needs cannot be addressed by the program. The program does not offer the services and/or housing supports necessary to successfully serve the household.
- Program at bed/unit/service capacity at time of referral
- Property management denial (include specific reason cited by property manager)
- Conflict of interest

Please describe why you are unable to accept this referral. Is this due to policy or procedure created by a funder, board, staff, property management, landlord or other entity? Please explain: If you were unable to contact client regarding this referral, please indicate the dates of attempted communication, to whom, and in what form (phone, email, etc). If you feel this was an inappropriate referral, please indicate that below with an explanation.

Westchester County Coordinated Entry Program (WCCEP)

Coordinated Entry Referral Denial Form (Client)

This form should be completed by clients, whenever they are denying a referral that has been made by a CES agency. Forms should be returned to the entity that is coordinating the local implementation of CES.

Date _____

Client Initials _____

Reason for denial (please circle one, and you must explain in detail below)

- I/my household refuse further participation in this program
- I/my household are moving outside of the area that is served by this program
- I/my household are able to resolve my housing crisis without assistance
- I/my household are concerned about my health and safety at this program.
- I/my household needs cannot be addressed by the program. The program does not offer the services and/or housing supports necessary to successfully serve the household.

Please describe why you are unable to accept this referral. If you feel this was an inappropriate referral, please indicate that below with an explanation.

To be completed by the Agency Staff

Agency Name _____ Program name _____

Staff contact _____ Email _____ Phone _____

Client ID Number _____ Referral Date _____

Proposed Criteria for Danger Assessment – FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES

Danger Assessment

We will assess the risk/threat for each applicant for rapid rehousing using the evidence-based Danger Assessment tool developed by Jacquelyn Campbell, PhD, of Johns Hopkins University. This 19-point assessment will return a score between 0 and 37. We will sort these scores into four levels, ranging from Variable Danger to Extreme Danger.

Level of Danger	Point Range in Danger Assessment Scoring
Extreme Danger	18+
Severe Danger	14-17
Increased Danger	8-13
Variable Danger	0-7

Current Living Situation

Living with Abuser	4
Left abuser after living together in the last 6 months	3
Left abuser after living together in the last 12 months	2

High Risk Factors

Strangulation/Choking	4
Stalking	4
Abuser owns/has access to gun(s)	4
Threats to kill victim and/or children	3
Controlling behavior	2
Victim believes abuser is capable of killing victim	1
Presence of children in home other than those of abuser	1
Abuser is unemployed	1

Westchester County Continuum of Care Current ESG Projects by Funding Source and Component

Name of Organization	Prevention	Rapid Re-Housing	Street Outreach	Shelter
My Sisters' Place				ESG – Yonkers
Westchester Residential Opportunities	ESG - Yonkers			
CLUSTER Community Services	ESG - Yonkers			
CLUSTER Community Services	ESG - State			
Guidance Center	ESG - State	STEHP - State	STEHP - State	
Legal Services of the Hudson Valley	ESG - Yonkers			
Legal Services of the Hudson Valley	STEHP- State			
Hope Community Services		STEHP - State	STEHP - State	
WESTHAB		ESG – Yonkers		
WESTHAB		ESG – State		ESG - State

F. Data Management

For appendix:

HMIS Documents and Forms:

- HMIS Privacy Policy
- HMIS Data Sharing Policy
- HMIS Consumer Notice
- HMIS Site Administrator Agreement
- HMIS User Agreement
- HMIS Client Release of Information
- HMIS Agency Participation Agreement